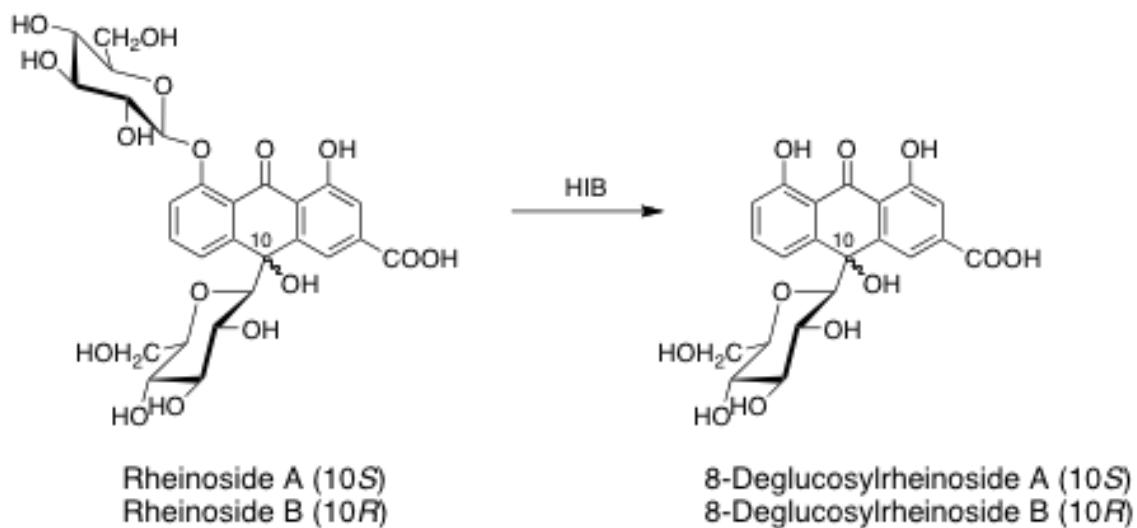


### Rheinoside A, B



Metabolic processes of rheinosides A and B by human intestinal bacteria

代謝実験

腸内細菌代謝 ヒト腸内細菌フローラ

单一化合物 rheinoside A, B

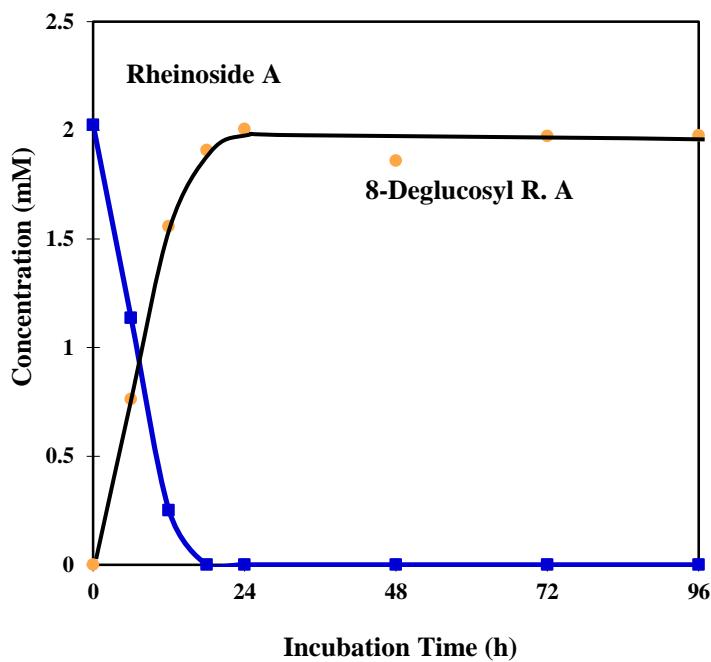


Fig. 1. Metabolic time course of rheinoside A by human intestinal bacterial flora

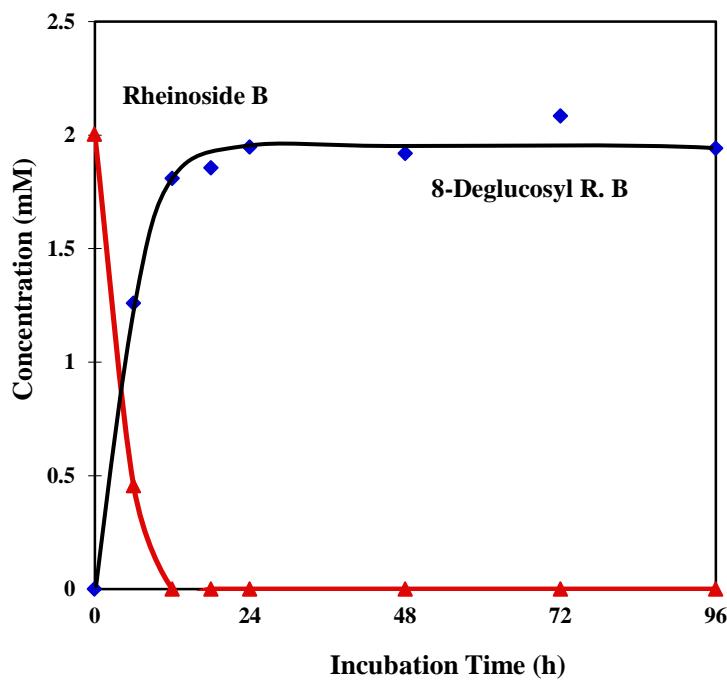


Fig. 2. Metabolic time course of rheinoside B by human intestinal bacterial flora

flora

### **Metabolism of rheinosides by human intestinal flora**

A fecal bacterial suspension (0.5 ml) precultured for 24 h was inoculated into PYF broth (4.5 ml) containing 2 mM rheinoside A or B, and the mixture was anaerobically incubated for 24 h.

### **Detection for metabolites of rheinosides A and B**

A 50 ml portion was taken out, and mixed with 50 ml of MeOH containing 0.1% AcOH, followed by centrifugation at 8800  $\times$  g for 1 min to separate a supernatant and precipitates. A portion of the supernatant was applied to a normal phase TLC plate of silica gel and developed with a mixed solvent CHCl<sub>3</sub>-MeOH-H<sub>2</sub>O (6 : 4 : 1). The metabolite was quantitatively determined by TLC-densitometry at a wavelength of 350 nm.

### **Rheinoside A**

Pale yellow amorphous powder, FAB-MS:  $m/z$  611 [M+H]<sup>+</sup>. <sup>1</sup>H-NMR (D<sub>2</sub>O, 500 MHz) $\delta$ : 7.76 (1H, brs, H-4), 7.69 (1H, dd,  $J$ =7.2, 7.6 Hz, H-6), 7.60 (1H, brd,  $J$ =7.6 Hz, H-5), 7.28 (1H, d,  $J$ =7.2 Hz, H-7), 7.27 (1H, brs, H-2), 5.14 (1H, d,  $J$ =7.7 Hz, H-1''), 3.93 (1H, dd,  $J$ =2.1, 12.4 Hz, H<sub>a</sub>-6''), 3.74–3.80 (2H, m, H-2'', H<sub>b</sub>-6''), 3.51–3.66 (4H, m, H<sub>a</sub>-6', H-3'', H-4'', H-5''), 3.37 (1H, dd,  $J$ =5.8, 12.2 Hz, H<sub>b</sub>-6'), 3.24–3.29 (2H, m, H-1', H-3'), 2.86–2.96 (3H, m, H-2', H-4', H-5'). <sup>13</sup>C-NMR (D<sub>2</sub>O, 75 MHz) $\delta$ : 188.9 (C-9), 168.8 (COOH), 158.1 (C-1), 156.6 (C-8), 145.1 (C-10a), 145.0 (C-4a), 135.2 (C-3, C-6), 121.0 (C-8a), 120.9 (C-9a), 120.7 (C-5), 117.8 (C-2), 117.2 (C-4), 115.8 (C-7), 100.6 (C-1''), 82.2(C-1'), 79.5 (C-5'), 77.4 (C-3'), 76.3 (C-5''), 75.8 (C-3''), 75.0 (C-10), 73.0 (C-2', C-2''), 71.5 (C-4''), 69.3 (C-4'), 61.1 (C-6'), 60.6 (C-6'').

### **Rheinoside B**

Pale yellow amorphous powder, FAB-MS:  $m/z$  611 [M+H]<sup>+</sup>. <sup>1</sup>H-NMR (D<sub>2</sub>O, 500 MHz) $\delta$ : 7.89 (1H, d,  $J$ =1.2 Hz, H-4), 7.72–7.79 (2H, m, H-5, H-6), 7.50 (1H, d,  $J$ =1.2 Hz, H-2), 7.38 (1H, d,  $J$ =8.1 Hz, H-7), 5.24 (1H, d,  $J$ =7.7 Hz, H-1''), 3.91 (1H, dd,  $J$ =2.1, 12.4 Hz, H<sub>a</sub>-6''), 3.72–3.76 (2H, m, H-2'', H<sub>b</sub>-6''), 3.61–3.67 (2H, m, H-3'',

H-5''), 3.51–3.59 (2H, m, H<sub>a</sub>-6', H-4''), 3.40–3.45 (2H, m, H-1', H<sub>b</sub>-6'), 3.32 (1H, t, *J*=9.0 Hz, H-3'), 3.04 (1H, m, H-5'), 2.87–2.94 (2H, m, H-2', H-4'). <sup>13</sup>C-NMR (D<sub>2</sub>O, 75 MHz) δ: 189.4 (C-9), 169.2 (COOH), 158.9 (C-1), 156.5 (C-8), 147.1 (C-4a), 143.6 (C-10a), 135.9 (C-3), 135.3 (C-6), 121.8 (C-8a or C-9a), 121.3 (C-8a or C-9a), 120.7 (C-5), 118.2 (C-4), 118.0 (C-2), 117.7 (C-7), 102.0 (C-1''), 82.2 (C-1'), 79.7 (C-5'), 77.6 (C-3' or C-5''), 76.7 (C-3' or C-5''), 75.5 (C-3''), 75.3 (C-10), 73.3 (C-2''), 71.7 (C-2'), 69.7 (C-4''), 69.4 (C-4'), 61.3 (C-6'), 61.0 (C-6'').

### 8-Deglucosylrheinoside A

Pale yellow amorphous powder, FAB-MS: *m/z* 449 [M+H]<sup>+</sup>. <sup>1</sup>H-NMR (D<sub>2</sub>O, 300 MHz) δ: 7.79 (1H, brs, H-4), 7.61 (1H, dd, *J*=7.4, 8.2 Hz, H-6), 7.41 (1H, brs, H-2), 7.35 (1H, d, *J*=7.4 Hz, H-5), 6.95 (1H, d, *J*=8.2 Hz, H-7), 3.65 (1H, brd, *J*=12.2 Hz, H<sub>a</sub>-6'), 3.45 (1H, dd, *J*=6.6, 12.2 Hz, H<sub>b</sub>-6'), 3.39 (1H, d, *J*=9.5 Hz, H-1'), 3.19 (1H, t, *J*=9.5 Hz, H-3'), 3.08 (1H, m, H-5'), 2.87 (1H, t, *J*=9.5 Hz, H-4'), 2.63 (1H, t, *J*=9.5 Hz, H-2'). <sup>13</sup>C-NMR (D<sub>2</sub>O, 75 MHz) δ: 192.2 (C-9, C=O), 169.2 (COOH), 160.6, 159.9, 145.6, 144.8, 137.1, 136.9, 118.9 (2C), 118.1, 118.0, 117.6, 115.7, 83.9, 79.8, 77.6, 74.4, 71.4, 69.5, 61.4.

### 8-Deglucosylrheinoside B

Pale yellow amorphous powder, FAB-MS: *m/z* 449 [M+H]<sup>+</sup>. <sup>1</sup>H-NMR (D<sub>2</sub>O, 300 MHz) δ: 7.65 (1H, brs, H-4), 7.57 (1H, dd, *J*=8.2, 9.1 Hz, H-6), 7.36 (1H, d, *J*=9.1 Hz, H-5), 7.34 (1H, brs, H-2), 6.94 (1H, d, *J*=8.2 Hz, H-7), 3.67 (1H, brd, *J*=12.2 Hz, H<sub>a</sub>-6'), 3.48 (1H, dd, *J*=6.2, 12.2 Hz, H<sub>b</sub>-6'), 3.37 (1H, d, *J*=9.4 Hz, H-1'), 3.16 (1H, t, *J*=9.4 Hz, H-3'), 3.10 (1H, m, H-5'), 2.87 (1H, t, *J*=9.4 Hz, H-4'), 2.56 (1H, t, *J*=9.4 Hz, H-2'). <sup>13</sup>C-NMR (D<sub>2</sub>O, 75 MHz) δ: 192.3 (C-9, C=O), 169.5 (COOH), 160.5, 160.0, 145.4, 145.1, 137.3 (2C), 118.9, 118.8, 118.4, 118.2, 117.5, 115.2, 84.0, 79.9, 77.6, 74.3, 71.5, 69.7, 61.5.

### 参考文献

牧野圭吾修士論文『ヒト腸内細菌による anthrone 及び oxyanthrone C-配糖体の C-グルコシル結合の開裂について』(2000) 富山医科大学.